Rules for the

New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme

Invest Hong Kong ("InvestHK") & Immigration Department ("ImmD")

- NOTE (1): Individuals who apply to enter Hong Kong, and/or remain in Hong Kong, pursuant to the New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme (the "Scheme") are subject to these Rules (the "Scheme Rules").
- NOTE (2): The provisions of the Immigration Ordinance and any law or legislation including subsidiary legislation in force from time to time also apply to any person entering Hong Kong under the Scheme and the dependants of such person.
- NOTE (3): The Director-General of Investment Promotion of InvestHK ("DGIP") and the Director of Immigration ("DoI") reserve the right to amend the Scheme Rules to the full extent permitted by law. The most up-to-date version of the requirements of the Scheme and the amendments to them are available at the websites of InvestHK and ImmD.
- NOTE (4): For the avoidance of doubt, the Scheme Rules are only applicable to the Scheme which is launched in 2024 and have no relevance to the operations of the Capital Investment Entrant Scheme which was previously launched in 2003 and has been suspended since 15 January 2015.
- NOTE (5): It is an offence under the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for any person to offer any advantage (e.g. money, gift) to a public servant (e.g. Government / public body employee) as an inducement to or reward for the performing of any act in the official capacity or showing any favour or providing any assistance in relation to the process of applications or compliance with the Scheme Rules. It is also an offence

for any person to offer any advantage to any public servant of a Government department or public body while having business dealings with them.

These Scheme Rules consist of paragraphs dealing with:

I. SCHEME OVERVIEW

1. Interpretation, Meaning and Anti-avoidance (pages 4-10)

These are of general application to the Scheme Rules and should be kept in mind when applying to enter Hong Kong, and remaining in Hong Kong, under the Scheme.

II. APPLICATION

- 2. Eligibility Criteria (pages 10-12)
- 3. Minimum Investment Threshold (page 12)
- 4. Application Procedures (pages 13-17)
- 5. Permissible Investment Assets (pages 17-20)
 - Permissible financial assets
 - (a) Equities
 - (b) Debt securities
 - (c) Certificates of deposits
 - (d) Subordinated debt
 - (e) Eligible collective investment schemes
 - (f) Ownership interest in limited partnership funds

- Non-residential real estate
- CIES Investment Portfolio

6. Portfolio Maintenance Requirements (pages 21-27)

- (a) Permissible financial assets
- (b) Non-residential real estate
- 7. Changes in the Value of Investment (page 27)
- 8. Other Relevant Requirements (pages 27-30)
- 9. Entry, Stay and Extension (pages 30-32)
- Annex A Contract(s) between Applicant/Entrant and Financial Intermediary(ies) in respect of the New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme (pages 33-37)
- Annex B Examples of operation of the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements concerning non-residential real estate (pages 38-39)

I. SCHEME OVERVIEW

This document details the Rules for the New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme (the "Scheme").

The introduction of the Scheme was announced in the 2023-24 Budget, with a view to further enriching the talent pool and attracting new capital to Hong Kong. The New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme Office ("New CIES Office") under InvestHK, overseen by DGIP, will be responsible for assessing the financial assets and investment of the Scheme Applicants/Entrants as well as monitoring their continuous compliance of the Investment Requirements and Portfolio Maintenance Requirements while ImmD, overseen by DoI, will be responsible for assessing applications for visa/entry permit, extension of stay and unconditional stay pursuant to the Scheme.

1. Interpretation, Meaning and Anti-avoidance

- 1.1 The Scheme Rules, which expression includes throughout these Rules all amendments to them from time to time, are written in simple English and are intended to be given a fair, large and liberal interpretation to ensure the attainment of the objects of the Scheme.
- 1.2 Unless a contrary intention appears from these Scheme Rules, including their context, and the amendments to them, references to genders are interchangeable (but note that only an <u>individual</u> and <u>NOT</u>, for example, a corporation or trust is eligible for approval under the Scheme), and the singular includes the plural and vice versa.
- 1.3 The words "include", "including", "example", etc. and the examples themselves are not used as or intended to be words or examples of limitation.
- 1.4 The examples are given by way of illustration or partial illustration of the Scheme Rules. In the event of any inconsistency between (including omission from) the examples and the text of the Scheme Rules, the text will prevail.

- 1.5 The only authentic version of the Scheme Rules is the English version although a Chinese translation is also provided for reference. In the event of any inconsistency between the English version of the Scheme Rules and the Chinese translation, the English version will prevail.
- 1.6 Neither the Chinese translation nor the headings to the paragraphs and subparagraphs, whether in Chinese or English, affects the interpretation of the terms of the Scheme Rules.

1.7 "Applicant/Entrant"

Unless the contrary intention appears from the Scheme Rules or from the context, this means an Applicant and/or an Entrant as the case may be.

1.7.1 "Applicant"

means an individual who lodges with DGIP an application in the form prescribed by the latter for financial assessment (including Net Asset Assessment and assessment on Investment Requirements) and/or with DoI an Entry Application pursuant to the Scheme and before Formal Approval is granted or refused by DoI.

1.7.2 "Entrant"

means an individual who has been granted Formal Approval by DoI to enter Hong Kong and/or remain in Hong Kong pursuant to the Scheme.

1.8 "Entry Application"

means an entry application submitted to DoI for a visa/entry permit to enter Hong Kong and/or remain in Hong Kong for residence under the Scheme.

1.8.1 "Approval-in-Principle"

means a preliminary and provisional grant of approval in writing given by DoI to the Applicant to enter Hong Kong and/or remain in Hong Kong pursuant to the Scheme.

1.8.2 "Formal Approval"

means a confirmed grant of approval in writing given by the DoI to the Applicant to enter Hong Kong and/or remain in Hong Kong pursuant to the Scheme.

1.9 "Fulfillment document"

means a report prepared by a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) as defined in the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance (Cap. 588 of the Laws of Hong Kong) in demonstrating the Applicant's/Entrant's fulfillment of Net Asset Requirement, Investment Requirements or Portfolio Maintenance Requirements as the case may be.

1.10 "HK\$[figure] Net"

means in relation or by reference to any asset, property or equity, the figure in Hong Kong dollars after deducting the amount of any and every charge, lien or encumbrance which may be secured on or attached to that asset, property or equity, as the case may be.

1.11 "Investment Requirements"

means the requirements for the Applicant/Entrant to make investment of a minimum of HK\$30 million Net in the Permissible investment assets.

1.12 "Launch date"

means the date on which the Scheme is launched (i.e. 1 March 2024).

1.13 "Market value"

- 1.13.1 As a general principle this means the best price reasonably obtainable for which assets or property should exchange as between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after appropriate marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently, without compulsion or regard to the Scheme. The best price reasonably obtainable is the gross price not the net proceeds.
- 1.13.2 The value of any assets or property for the purposes of the Scheme including the Surplus Equity will be ascertained by DGIP in such manner and by such means as he thinks fit. DGIP has the power to vary and modify the reported value of an asset in order to give the asset a reasonable value in case of any suspicious arrangements that in the opinion of DGIP may have made the reported value not a fair and reasonable one. This may result in the Applicant/Entrant not becoming eligible for or being or becoming disqualified from the Scheme. This substitution of the reported value may also affect the amount of the Surplus Equity available to the Applicant/Entrant to make use of as he wishes (see paragraphs 5.2 and 6.1(b)). DGIP is expected, for example, to consider:
 - (a) transactions between parties not at arm's length for example relatives or associated persons such as companies or trusts under the influence of or influenced by the Applicant/Entrant or his relatives or associates; and
 - (b) suspected "back-to-back" arrangements where the Applicant/Entrant has raised money on the security of non-residential real estate qualifying for the Scheme in order to circumvent the prohibition on financing the acquisition or the holding of Permissible financial assets and/or CIES Investment Portfolio by borrowing or leveraging against Permissible financial assets.

1.14 "Net Asset Assessment"

means an assessment by New CIES Office on whether an Applicant can demonstrate that he has Net assets or Net equity to which he is absolutely beneficially entitled with a Market value of not less than HK\$30 million Net (or equivalent in foreign currencies) throughout the two years preceding the date he lodged his application for Net Asset Assessment of the Scheme.

1.15 "Net Asset Requirement"

means the requirement for the Applicant to demonstrate that he has Net assets of not less than HK\$30 million Net (or equivalent in foreign currencies) to which he is absolutely beneficially entitled throughout the two years preceding the date of issuance of the Fulfillment document for application for Net Asset Assessment of the Scheme, and on the date of issuance of the said Fulfillment document, the Market value of his Net assets is not less than HK\$30 million Net.

1.16 "Net assets" or "Net equity"

"Net assets" is used interchangeably with "Net equity" and in either case means any asset, property or equity after deducting the amount of any and every charge, lien and encumbrance secured on or attached to that asset, property or equity, as the case may be.

1.17 "Permissible financial assets"

means the assets referred to by that name in paragraph **5.1(a)** to **(f)** including equities, debt securities, certificates of deposits, subordinated debt, eligible collective investment schemes and ownership interest in limited partnership funds registered under the Limited Partnership Fund Ordinance (Cap. 637 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

1.18 "Permissible investment assets"

means Permissible financial assets, non-residential real estate and CIES Investment Portfolio referred to by that name in paragraphs **5.1** to **5.4**. 1.19 "Portfolio Maintenance Requirements"

means the requirements for the Applicant/Entrant to make the committed investment and comply with the criteria under the Scheme throughout the period of permission to stay in Hong Kong.

1.20 "Surplus Equity"

means the excess or surplus over the Net equity which is attributable to Applicant's/Entrant's equity in the non-residential real estate at the date of purchase that will be available to the Applicant/Entrant to make use of thereafter as he wishes without loss of entitlement under the Scheme.

1.21 "Working day"

means a day other than: (a) a Sunday; (b) a public holiday; or (c) a gale warning day or a black rainstorm warning day as defined in section 71(2) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance (Cap. 1 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

- 1.22 Anti-avoidance
 - 1.22.1 Whether or not for bona fide commercial reasons, the Applicant/Entrant must not, whether on his own or in collusion with others including his financial intermediary(ies), enter into, facilitate or permit any transaction, agreement or arrangement, whether or not legally binding, which in the opinion of DGIP or DoI, directly or indirectly, has as its purpose of or effect on or one of its purposes of or effects on (other than de minimis) the contravention or avoidance of any Scheme Rules.
 - 1.22.2 An Applicant/Entrant acknowledges that by having lodged an application to DGIP or DoI under the Scheme as an Applicant/Entrant:
 - (a) he will be regarded to have known and obtained all necessary information relevant to the eligibility and entitlement under the Scheme; and

(b) if DGIP or DoI is of the opinion that the Applicant/Entrant has or may have contravened or avoided any Scheme Rules or has not provided relevant and accurate information in a timely fashion, the burden of proving the contrary shall be upon the Applicant/Entrant, as the case may be.

II. APPLICATION

2. <u>Eligibility Criteria</u>

- 2.1 Subject to the terms of these Scheme Rules, an Applicant who satisfies the following criteria will be eligible for an Entry Application:
 - (a) <u>Age</u> an Applicant is aged 18 or above at the time of applying for Net Asset Assessment;

(b) <u>Scope of the Scheme</u>

an Applicant must fall into one of the following categories covered by the Scheme:

- (i) foreign nationals¹;
- (ii) Chinese nationals who have obtained permanent resident status in a foreign country;
- (iii) Macao Special Administrative Region residents; and
- (iv) Chinese residents of Taiwan;

¹ Nationals of Afghanistan, Cuba, and Democratic People's Republic of Korea are excluded. The list of excluded countries/regions will be reviewed by the Security Bureau/ImmD from time to time. Stateless persons who have obtained permanent resident status in a foreign country with proven re-entry facilities will be eligible under the Scheme.

(c) <u>Net assets</u>

an Applicant must apply for a Net Asset Assessment: the Applicant should demonstrate to the satisfaction of DGIP that he has Net assets or Net equity to which he is absolutely beneficially entitled with a Market value of not less than HK\$30 million Net (or equivalent in foreign currencies) throughout the two years preceding the date he lodged his application for Net Asset Assessment of the Scheme;

(d) <u>Investment in Permissible investment assets</u>

an Applicant must make the committed investment in Permissible investment assets (see paragraph 5 below) on or after the Launch date of the Scheme. Subject to paragraph 5.1(c) on investment in certificates of deposits, an Applicant has met the Investment Requirements if he:

- (i) has invested within and thereafter throughout the period beginning on the Launch date of the Scheme or the 180th day before his application is lodged for Net Asset Assessment, whichever is later, and ending on the day his application is lodged for Net Asset Assessment; or
- (ii) has invested within and thereafter throughout the period beginning on the Launch date of the Scheme or the 180th day before his application is lodged for Net Asset Assessment, whichever is later, and ending on the 180th day after Approval-in-Principle has been granted by DoI; or
- (iii) has invested within and thereafter throughout the period beginning on the day when Approval-in-Principle has been granted by DoI and ending on the 180th day thereafter;

not less than HK\$30 million Net (or equivalent in foreign currencies) in Permissible investment assets to which he is absolutely beneficially entitled. To this there is an exception for any certificates of deposits, i.e. if the Applicant/Entrant chooses to invest in them for the purpose of qualifying under the Scheme, he must do so within the period beginning on the day when Approval-in-Principle has been granted by DoI and ending on the 180th day thereafter, and thereafter be absolutely beneficially entitled to them throughout the term of the invested certificates of deposits;

(e) <u>No adverse record</u>

an Applicant must demonstrate that he has no adverse immigration record and meets normal immigration and security requirements; and

(f) <u>Others</u>

an Applicant can demonstrate to DoI that he is capable of supporting and accommodating himself and his dependants², if any, on his own without relying on any return on the Permissible investment assets, employment, self-employment, office, business or public assistance in or carried on in Hong Kong as the case may be. In addition, the entry of dependants will be subject to any other policy applicable to such entry at the time³.

3. <u>Minimum Investment Threshold</u>

3.1 An Applicant must make investment of a minimum of HK\$30 million Net (or equivalent in foreign currencies) in the Permissible investment assets (see paragraph 5 below). Assets acquired before the Launch date of the Scheme shall not be counted towards the fulfillment of minimum investment threshold.

² "Dependants" refer to his spouse or the other party to a same-sex civil partnership, same-sex civil union, "same-sex marriage", opposite-sex civil partnership or opposite-sex civil union entered into by him in accordance with the local law in force of the place of celebration and with such status being legally and officially recognised by the local authorities of the place of celebration; and his unmarried dependent children aged under 18 years. For the avoidance of doubt, the terms "civil partnership" and "civil union" above mean a legal institution of a nature which is akin to spousal relationship in a marriage. The same-sex civil partnership, same-sex civil union, "same-sex marriage", opposite-sex civil partnership and opposite-sex civil union entered into in accordance with laws outside Hong Kong are limited to only relationships which are legally and officially recognised in the places of celebration. Such relationships normally have the following features: (a) the entering into and dissolution of the relationship are governed by legislation of the place where it is entered into; (b) the relationship requires registration by the competent authority specified by the legislation of the place where it is entered into; (c) the registration is evidenced in a written instrument issued by the competent authority; and (d) parties to the relationship have a mutual commitment to a shared life akin to spouses to the exclusion of others on a permanent basis. Such relationships do not include de facto spouse, partners in cohabitation, fiancé/fiancée, etc.

³ Under existing policy, dependants are allowed to join the Entrant (i.e. the sponsor) provided that (i) there is reasonable proof of a genuine relationship between the dependants and the sponsors; (ii) there is no known record to the detriment of the dependants; and (iii) the sponsors are able to support the dependants' living at a standard well above the subsistence level and provide them with suitable accommodation in Hong Kong.

4. <u>Application Procedures</u>

- 4.1 The New CIES Office will be the dedicated party in coordinating financial assessment of the applications, including Net Asset Assessment, assessments on Investment Requirements and Portfolio Maintenance Requirements; while ImmD is responsible for assessing applications for visa/entry permit, extension of stay and unconditional stay. At all stages under the Scheme, where a document is not in Chinese or English, it must be accompanied by a Chinese or English translation certified as a true translation by a sworn translator, court translator, authorised public translator, certified translator, expert translator or official translator.
- 4.2 Before an Applicant submits an Entry Application to DoI, he is required to first approach New CIES Office for verifying whether he has fulfilled the Net Asset Requirement. The Applicant is required to engage a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) as defined in the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance (Cap. 588 of the Laws of Hong Kong) at his own cost to assist in demonstrating his fulfillment of Net Asset Requirement and submit an application for Net Asset Assessment with provision of the Fulfillment document and all relevant supporting documents stated therein. No more than 14 calendar days may elapse between the date of issuance of the Fulfillment document and the date on which the Applicant lodges his application for Net Asset Assessment to New CIES Office within the 14 calendar days after the date of issuance of the Fulfillment document, a fresh Fulfillment document for Net Asset Assessment will in general be required.
- 4.3 To facilitate communication with the Applicant/Entrant, he is required to provide a primary e-mail address and a secondary e-mail address (if any) as a formal channel of communication. The Applicant/Entrant may also communicate with New CIES Office and DoI by written letters. Contact details of the Applicant's/Entrant's representative are optional.
- 4.4 New CIES Office will ascertain the Applicant's eligibility and assess whether he has fulfilled the Net Asset Requirement. For the purpose of the calculation of Net Asset Requirement, assets not traded on a public exchange can be accepted solely for the purpose of Net Asset Assessment only if the proof of assets is accompanied

with a written valuation report⁴ from a valuer acceptable to a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) in Hong Kong as defined in the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance (Cap. 588 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and included in the Fulfillment document.

- 4.5 Upon New CIES Office's verification that the Applicant has fulfilled the Net Asset Requirement, New CIES Office will issue a relevant certifying proof to the Applicant and notify DoI of the result. The Applicant is then required to submit an Entry Application to DoI within the validity period of the certifying proof. If Approval-in-Principle is given after assessment from the immigration perspectives, DoI will grant a visa/entry permit to the Applicant for entering Hong Kong on visitor status for not more than 180 days for making the committed investment within the period.
- 4.6 Upon the Applicant's completion of making the committed investment within the specified investment timeframe in paragraph **2.1(d)** above, an Applicant is required to approach New CIES Office for verifying whether he has fulfilled the Investment Requirements. The Applicant is required to engage a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) as defined in the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance (Cap. 588 of the Laws of Hong Kong) at his own cost to assist in demonstrating his fulfillment of the Investment Requirements and submit an application to New CIES Office with provision of the Fulfillment document and all relevant supporting documents stated therein for verification of his fulfillment of the Investment Requirements.
- 4.7 Upon New CIES Office's verification that the Applicant has fulfilled the Investment Requirements, New CIES Office will issue a relevant certifying proof to the Applicant and notify DoI of the result. The Applicant is then required to submit the certifying proof within its validity period to DoI, who will in turn resume his assessment on the Applicant's Entry Application. Upon satisfaction of DoI from immigration perspectives that the Applicant meets the eligibility criteria under the Scheme, DoI will grant Formal Approval of the Entry Application. Permission to

⁴ In general, a valuation report contains the following information: date of valuation, essential information about the asset (which may include description and condition of the asset), basis of/ approach to valuation, recent transaction data for comparable pieces/ items; and relevant photos etc. The report will then arrive at a valuation of the asset, based on the foregoing information. The information of the valuer such as professional qualifications and experience should usually be attached to the valuation report.

stay will normally be granted to the Applicant/Entrant and his dependants, where any, for not more than 24 months on time limitation only, subject to the condition that the Applicant/Entrant continues to satisfy the requirements of the Scheme throughout this period.

- 4.8 In the circumstances that an Applicant has simultaneously fulfilled the Net Asset Requirement as stated in paragraph 4.2 above as well as the Investment Requirements as stated in paragraph 4.6 above upon verification by New CIES Office, New CIES Office will issue a relevant certifying proof to the Applicant and notify DoI of the result. The Applicant is required to submit an Entry Application within the validity period of the certifying proof to DoI. DoI will then assess whether Formal Approval of the Entry Application can be granted from immigration perspectives.
- 4.9 In case an Applicant fails to make the committed investment in Permissible investment assets within the specified timeframe in paragraph **2.1(d)** above, or he fails to submit any relevant certifying proof issued by New CIES Office within its validity period to DoI, a fresh application for Net Asset Assessment and other subsequent applications under the Scheme will in general be required.
- 4.10 Upon expiry of the initial 24-month period, before an Entrant submits an application for extension of stay to DoI, he is required to first approach New CIES Office not earlier than 3 months before expiry of his limit of stay for verifying his continuous compliance with the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements (see paragraph 6 below). Upon New CIES Office's verification that the Entrant has fulfilled the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements, New CIES Office will issue a relevant certifying proof to the Entrant and notify DoI of the result. The Entrant and his dependants, where any, are required to submit an application for extension of stay to DoI before expiry of their limit of stay, notwithstanding the relevant certifying proof may have not yet been secured from InvestHK. Depending on whether the Entrant subsequently submits the certifying proof, DoI will make decision on the application for extension of stay. Upon satisfaction of DoI from immigration perspectives that the Entrant and his dependants, where any, still meet the eligibility criteria under the Scheme, extension of stay for not more than three years will normally be granted to the Entrant and his dependants, where any. Further applications for extension of stay for not more than three years should follow the same application procedures.

- An Entrant and his dependants, where any, upon a period of continuous ordinary 4.11 residence in Hong Kong of not less than seven years and subject to any other relevant requirements under the Immigration Ordinance (Cap. 115 of the Laws of Hong Kong), may apply to DoI for becoming Hong Kong permanent residents in accordance with the law. If the Entrant is approved by DoI to become a Hong Kong permanent resident, he will be free to dispose of the Permissible investment assets under the Scheme subject to the terms and conditions of the underlying investments. If the Entrant is unable to fulfill the continuous ordinary residence requirement while continuously satisfying the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements under the Scheme for not less than seven years, the Entrant and his dependants, where any, may apply to DoI for unconditional stay (which permits entry and stay in Hong Kong without being subject to any conditions or limit of stay) following the end of the seventh year. Before an Entrant applies to DoI for unconditional stay, he is required to first approach New CIES Office for verifying his continuous compliance of the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements for not less than seven years. Upon New CIES Office's verification that the Entrant has fulfilled the requirements, New CIES Office will issue a relevant certifying proof to the Entrant and inform DoI of the result. The Entrant and his dependants, where any, are required to make their unconditional stay applications within the validity period of the certifying proof to DoI. DoI will then make assessment of those applications from immigration perspectives. If the unconditional stay application of the Entrant is approved by DoI, the Entrant will be free to dispose of the Permissible investment assets under the Scheme subject to the terms and conditions of the underlying investments.
- 4.12 If the Applicant has disagreement to the assessment of his Net Asset Requirement and/or the Investment Requirements, he may lodge an application for review to New CIES Office ⁵ within 14 calendar days after the date of notification of his unsuccessful application. The review decision of New CIES Office will be final.
- 4.13 At all stages under the Scheme, DGIP and DoI have the right to request the Applicant/Entrant to submit all documents that DGIP and DoI consider necessary for assessing whether the Applicant/Entrant fulfills any requirements under the Scheme and whether the Applicant/Entrant is entitled to remain under the Scheme. Failure to provide documents to the satisfaction of DGIP and DoI will render the

⁵ The application of review could be addressed to the New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme Office (Address: 15/F, Revenue Tower, 5 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, Email : newcies@investhk.gov.hk).

Applicant/Entrant not being entitled to the Scheme and the application being discontinued.

5. <u>Permissible Investment Assets</u>

5.1 The Applicant/Entrant must invest a minimum of HK\$27 million in any of the following Permissible financial assets and/or non-residential real estate referred to in paragraph **5.2** below.

Permissible financial assets

(a) Equities

shares of companies that are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong ("SEHK") and traded in Hong Kong Dollars ("HKD") or Renminbi ("RMB");

(b) Debt securities

- debt securities listed on the SEHK and traded in HKD or RMB (including debt instruments issued in Hong Kong by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China and local people's governments at any level in the Mainland);
- (ii) debt securities denominated in HKD or RMB, including fixed or floating rate instruments and convertible bonds⁶ issued or fully guaranteed by:
 - (A) the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government ("the Government"), the Exchange Fund, the Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation, the MTR Corporation Limited, Hong Kong Airport Authority, and other corporations, agencies or

⁶ If an Applicant/Entrant exercises the option to convert the bonds to shares, the investment would be regarded as equities and treated as such afterwards.

bodies wholly or partly owned by the Government as may be specified from time to time by the Government; or

(B) listed companies referred to under paragraph **5.1(a)** above;

(c) Certificates of deposits

certificates of deposits denominated in HKD or RMB issued by authorised institutions as defined in the Banking Ordinance (Cap. 155 of the Laws of Hong Kong) with a remaining term to maturity of not less than 12 months at the time of acquisition by the Applicant/Entrant, subject to a cap of 10% (i.e. HK\$3 million) of the minimum investment threshold. This acquisition must take place after Approval-in-Principle has been granted by the DoI and thereafter the Applicant/Entrant be absolutely beneficially entitled to the invested certificates of deposits throughout its term. These certificates of deposits with a remaining term to maturity of not less than 12 months at the time of acquisition by the Applicant/Entrant or by other Permissible investment assets;

(d) Subordinated debt

subordinated debt denominated in HKD or RMB issued by authorised institutions in compliance with Schedules 4B and 4C of the Banking (Capital) Rules (Cap. 155L of the Laws of Hong Kong);

(e) Eligible collective investment schemes

- Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC")-authorised funds⁷ managed by corporations licensed by or institutions registered with the SFC for Type 9 regulated activity;
- SFC-authorised real estate investment trusts managed by corporations licensed by or institutions registered with the SFC for Type 9 regulated activity;

⁷ Referring to unit trusts and mutual funds authorised by the SFC under the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds.

- (iii) SFC-authorised Investment-Linked Assurance Schemes⁸ issued by insurers permitted to carry on Class C business as specified in Part 2 of Schedule 1 to the Insurance Ordinance (Cap. 41 of the Laws of Hong Kong);
- (iv) open-ended fund companies ("OFCs") registered under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and managed by corporations licensed by or institutions registered with the SFC for Type 9 regulated activity (see also paragraph 5.1(f) below); and

(f) Ownership interest in limited partnership funds ("LPFs") registered under the Limited Partnership Fund Ordinance (Cap. 637 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

The total investment amount of ownership interest in private LPFs in this paragraph and private OFCs in paragraph 5.1(e)(iv) above⁹ is subject to an aggregate cap of HK\$10 million.

Non-residential real estate¹⁰

5.2 Non-residential real estate, whether commercial and/or industrial (including precompletion properties covering offices, commercial premises, retail premises and factories and excluding land and multi-purpose real estate partly for residential purposes) in Hong Kong, subject to a cap of HK\$10 million. Real estate for this purpose excludes illegal or unlawful use or occupation of land, and boats, houseboats, trailers, caravans, illegal structures and cocklofts whether or not rated, connected to mains water or power supplies, or on permanent or fixed moorings or foundations, as the case may be.

⁸ Referring to investment-linked assurance schemes authorised by the SFC under the Additional Guidance on Internal Product Approval Process.

⁹ Private OFCs and private LPFs refer to those OFCs and LPFs which are not authorised by the SFC for offering to the public and the offer of which falls within an exemption under Section 103 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, e.g. offers made only to professional investors.

¹⁰ The non-residential real estate should be held in the own name of the Applicant/Entrant or through a sole proprietorship under his name, or through a company of which the Applicant/Entrant being the sole shareholder. Non-residential real estate means "non-residential property" defined in section 29A of the Stamp Duty Ordinance (Cap. 117 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

CIES Investment Portfolio ("CIES IP")

- 5.3 Separately, each Applicant under the Scheme is required to place HK\$3 million into a new CIES IP, which will be set up and managed by the Hong Kong Investment Corporation Limited ("HKIC"). The CIES IP will make investment in companies/projects with a Hong Kong nexus, with a view to supporting the development of innovation and technology industries and other strategic industries that are beneficial to the long term development of Hong Kong's economy. The HK\$3 million placed into the CIES IP will be subject to lock-up. Capital preservation and dividends are not guaranteed, and distribution may be made on a discretionary basis at appropriate junctures subject to factors such as the pace and mix of the construction and realisation of the CIES IP, as well as the policy objectives and implementation arrangements. Detailed design for the CIES IP will be announced in due course.
- 5.4 To comply with the requirement under paragraph 5.3 above, the Applicant is required to deposit cash of HK\$3 million to the designated account opened with one of his appointed financial intermediary(ies) (see paragraph 6.1 below) for subsequent placing into the CIES IP. The HKIC or New CIES Office will notify the Applicant/Entrant and/or his appointed financial intermediary on the arrangements for placing the HK\$3 million into the CIES IP. The terms and conditions will be available to the Applicant/Entrant before he places the HK\$3 million into the CIES IP¹¹. The Applicant/Entrant must comply with the terms and conditions for placing the HK\$3 million into the CIES IP. If the HK\$3 million deposited cash in the designated account opened with one of his appointed financial intermediary(ies) is dissipated for whatever reason before it is placed into the CIES IP, the Applicant/Entrant is required to make up the lost amount by depositing the same amount into the designated account. After placing into the CIES IP, the reporting requirements under paragraph 6 below will cease to apply to the HK\$3 million in question.

¹¹ It is the Applicant's/Entrant's responsibility to place the HK\$3 million into the CIES IP. If the Applicant/Entrant does not place the HK\$3 million into the CIES IP, he will be considered as not fulfilling the minimum investment threshold under paragraph 3.1 above even though he has deposited the HK\$3 million to the designated account opened with one of his appointed financial intermediary(ies) in accordance with paragraph 5.4.

6. <u>Portfolio Maintenance Requirements</u>

6.1 The Applicant/Entrant must deposit his Permissible financial assets into a designated account operated by an eligible financial intermediary (only one account per financial intermediary is permitted), use the designated account exclusively for the transaction of Permissible financial assets and must not reduce the committed investment while permitted to stay in Hong Kong under the Scheme. In order to qualify and remain qualified under the Scheme, an Applicant/Entrant will have to comply with the following requirements in respect of his Permissible investment assets **AND** provide all such material information in writing to the satisfaction of DGIP with regard to these assets as DGIP may request in order to assess the Applicant's/Entrant's eligibility and entitlement (if any) under the Scheme:

(a) *Permissible financial assets*

(i) The Applicant/Entrant, whether or not in combination with investment(s) in non-residential real estate, has to hold the investment in the Permissible financial assets in designated account(s) in his own name to be operated by an eligible financial intermediary(ies) whose terms of appointment as financial intermediary are to include such technical, commercial and financial terms, as DGIP considers appropriate for the purposes of the Scheme. The financial intermediary(ies) and the Applicant/Entrant are required to enter into an agreement for the management and operation of the designated account(s), which includes the terms set out at Annex A to the Scheme Rules. The Applicant/Entrant by lodging an application for financial assessment (including Net Asset Assessment, assessments on Investment Requirements as well as Portfolio Maintenance Requirements) acknowledges that the terms and conditions which DGIP may require to be included in the agreement shall be of the essence of any such agreement (unless DGIP otherwise agrees in writing) and override a different intention arising from or which might otherwise (apart from this requirement) arise from the provisions of the agreement regarding the appointment of the financial intermediary(ies).

- (ii) The Applicant/Entrant must inform DGIP in writing of the name and relevant details of his appointed financial intermediary(ies) (at most one financial intermediary for each of the following category), which must be:
 - an authorised institution as defined in the Banking Ordinance (Cap. 155 of the Laws of Hong Kong); or
 - a corporation licensed to perform Type 1 or 9 regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong); or
 - (3) an insurer permitted to carry on Class C business as specified in Part
 2 of Schedule 1 under the Insurance Ordinance (Cap. 41 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

The Permissible financial assets may be managed on a self-directed basis by the Applicant/Entrant or at the discretion of the financial intermediary(ies). The Applicant/Entrant can only engage at most three financial intermediaries and these three intermediaries should be of different categories referred to in (1) to (3) in this paragraph. The use of more than one financial intermediary from each of the above three categories at the same time is not permitted.

- (iii) The appointed financial intermediary(ies) is required to carry out customer due diligence and fulfill relevant anti-money laundering and counterterrorist financing obligations under the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorist Financing Ordinance (Cap. 615 of the Laws of Hong Kong), and report to New CIES Office on the Applicant's/Entrant's continuous compliance with the Scheme Rules.
- (iv) Subject to any lien which the financial intermediary(ies) may have for unpaid fees or expenses in the ordinary course of the business under the Scheme in relation to Permissible financial assets, the Applicant/Entrant must be and remain the absolute beneficial owner of the Permissible financial assets and is required to prove to the satisfaction of DGIP all the relevant details of the material transaction(s) by him or on his behalf on the designated account by providing documentary evidence.
- (v) The Applicant/Entrant may, subject to paragraph **8** below, at any time:

- (a) change his designated account from one eligible financial intermediary to another eligible financial intermediary of the same category (see paragraph 6.1(a)(ii) above), provided that his Permissible financial assets in his former account is transferred to the new account in its entirety; or
- (b) switch his Permissible financial assets between designated accounts with existing/new financial intermediaries of different categories,

save for any:

- (1) cash dividend income arising directly from the Permissible financial assets; and
- (2) interest income arising directly from the Permissible financial assets.

The Applicant/Entrant must notify DGIP in writing within seven Working days of any such change.

- (vi) The Applicant/Entrant is required to transact only in the Permissible financial assets which are listed in paragraph 5.l(a) to (f) above and held in the designated account(s) in his own name to be opened with the eligible financial intermediary(ies) for the purpose of the Scheme and to give written instructions to this effect in the contract with his financial intermediary(ies). The Applicant/Entrant may switch between different types of Permissible financial assets at any time. Except for the financial intermediary(ies)'s lien for unpaid fees and expenses referred to in paragraph 6.l(a)(iv) above, the Applicant/Entrant is not entitled to charge, assign or create any interest in favour of a third party in any Permissible financial assets held in the designated account (including cash dividends or interest income accruing in the designated account provided that these are still held in the designated account).
- (vii) The Applicant/Entrant may at any time withdraw from the designated account any cash dividend income or interest income arising directly from the Permissible financial assets.
- (viii) An Applicant/Entrant may at any time dispose of or realise the value of the Permissible financial assets which qualify under the Scheme but he will

only continue to be eligible and to qualify under the Scheme if he reinvests <u>NOT LESS THAN</u> the entire Market value of those Permissible financial assets (as assessed on the date of disposal thereof) in Permissible investment assets.

- (ix) The Applicant/Entrant must ensure that his appointed financial intermediary(ies) notifies DGIP in writing within seven Working days of the events referred to in paragraph **3** of the compulsory terms set out in <u>Annex A</u> to be included in any agreement between the Applicant/Entrant and his financial intermediary(ies).
- (x) The Applicant/Entrant must also ensure that his appointed financial intermediary(ies) notifies DGIP in writing within 14 Working days after the first anniversary of the grant of Formal Approval to the Applicant/Entrant to join the Scheme, and within 14 Working days after each subsequent anniversary if his financial intermediary(ies) still operates the designated account at such anniversary regarding the events referred to in paragraph 4 of the compulsory terms set out in <u>Annex A</u> to be included in any agreement between the Applicant/Entrant and his financial intermediary(ies).
- (xi) Subject to the exceptions permitted by the Scheme, whether or not for bona fide commercial reasons, whether on his own or in collusion with others including his financial intermediary(ies), the Applicant/Entrant must not enter into, facilitate, or permit any transaction, agreement or arrangement, whether or not legally effective or binding, which in the opinion of DGIP, directly or indirectly, has as its purpose of or effect on or one of its purposes of or effects on (other than de minimis) the removal of or reduction or diminution in the value or benefit of his Permissible investment assets held in his designated account, or incur any indebtedness in any form whatsoever using the Permissible investment assets as collateral for such indebtedness. Otherwise, the Applicant/Entrant will be disqualified from the Scheme.
- (xii) The Applicant/Entrant is also required to make a declaration to DGIP every 12 months and as and when required by DGIP to confirm that he is, and has remained since the date of the previous declaration (if any) or for the period specified by DGIP, the absolute beneficial owner of the Permissible

financial assets in the designated account(s) maintained with the financial intermediary(ies) stated in the declaration.

(b) *Non-residential real estate*

- Concerning acquisition of non-residential real estate, there is no restriction (i) on the number of real estate bought for the purpose of gaining entry under the Scheme, but only investment in form of equity in real estate is counted towards the minimum investment threshold (see paragraph 3.1 above). An Applicant/Entrant may take out a mortgage loan with a bank or financial institution licensed in Hong Kong in respect of the real estate but only the amount of equity is counted for the purpose of the Scheme. Refinancing of outstanding mortgage loan is allowed provided that the the Applicant/Entrant does not increase the outstanding loan or in any way realise any capital gain on the value of the real estate. An Applicant/Entrant may sell the real estate and would continue to qualify under the Scheme if he invests the entire proceeds from the sale in other Permissible investment assets after deducting the amount of the original mortgage loan, if any, secured by the real estate. Rental income from the non-residential real estate can be paid and retained by the Applicant/Entrant and need not be ring-fenced under the Scheme.
- (ii) An Applicant/Entrant may choose to acquire non-residential real estate with a value of more than HK\$10 million Net by paying Surplus Equity. In such case, <u>only a maximum of HK\$10 million will be counted and ring-</u><u>fenced as the qualifying investment under the Scheme.</u> The Applicant/Entrant may sell the real estate and would continue to qualify under the Scheme if he invests the entire proceeds arising from the sale after deducting:
 - (1) the whole or part of his Surplus Equity paid in Permissible investment assets to the extent he wishes not to reinvest that Surplus Equity; and
 - (2) the amount required to redeem his outstanding mortgage (if any) charged on that non-residential real estate. This redemption will usually be required by the lending bank or financial institution.

- (iii) The Surplus Equity may be increased or decreased by the amount by which the capital amount of the mortgage debt on non-residential real estate under the Scheme is reduced or increased by repayments or additional borrowing of capital prior to disposal or realisation of that real estate. However, the sum of the increased Surplus Equity and the amount of any outstanding mortgage debt at any one time may not exceed the sum of the Surplus Equity and the mortgage debt at the time of purchase of that real estate. Two examples of the operation of the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements in paragraph 6.1(b)(i) to (ii) above are given at <u>Annex B</u> (all figures and transactions at Market value).
- (iv) The Applicant/Entrant must be and remain the absolute beneficial owner of all non-residential real estate included as Permissible investment assets under the Scheme and is required to prove to the satisfaction of DGIP all the relevant details of material transactions including the acquisition, disposal and mortgages.
- All the relevant details of all material transactions including the acquisition, (v) disposal, and charging of all non-residential real estate must be proved to the satisfaction of DGIP including documents such as contemporaneous Land Registry records and bank statements. DGIP may require the Applicant/Entrant to obtain at the cost of the Applicant/Entrant and on the instructions of DGIP a professional valuation report in writing from a qualified valuer registered with the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors. The valuation report shall be addressed and sent to DGIP by this qualified valuer. A copy shall be provided to the Applicant/Entrant. DGIP may substitute the price provided by this qualified valuer as the Market value of the nonresidential real estate in place of any figure provided by the The Applicant/Entrant is also required to make a Applicant/Entrant. declaration to DGIP every 12 months and as and when required by DGIP to confirm that he is, and has remained since the date of the previous declaration (if any) or for the period specified by DGIP the absolute beneficial owner of the non-residential real estate.
- (vi) DGIP must be informed in writing seven Working days of any changes regarding absolute beneficial ownership of, legal title to or any mortgage of the non-residential real estate which qualified under the Scheme.

6.2 The Applicant/Entrant is required to engage a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) as defined in the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance (Cap. 588 of the Laws of Hong Kong) at his own cost to assist in demonstrating his fulfillment of Portfolio Maintenance Requirements after the first anniversary of the grant of Formal Approval to the Applicant/Entrant to join the Scheme, and after each subsequent anniversary. The Applicant/Entrant is required to submit the Fulfillment document and all relevant supporting documents stated therein within one month after the first anniversary, and after each subsequent anniversary to New CIES Office.

7. <u>Changes in the Value of Investment</u>

- 7.1 The Applicant/Entrant is not required to top-up the value of his investment in Permissible investment assets should its Market value fall below the requisite minimum level of HK\$30 million Net even in the event of a total loss.
- 7.2 With the exceptions for the amount required to redeem his outstanding mortgage on non-residential real estate, Surplus Equity, and cash dividend income, interest income and rents arising directly from the Permissible investment assets, if any, the Applicant/Entrant is not allowed to withdraw or remove any appreciation from his Permissible investment assets under the Scheme even if the subsequent Market value of those assets rises above the requisite minimum level of HK\$30 million Net. In other words, subject to those exceptions, the investment that qualifies the Entrant's entry to Hong Kong and continued stay in Hong Kong will be ring-fenced within the Scheme and must be reinvested under the Scheme Rules.

8. <u>Other Relevant Requirements</u>

8.1 An Applicant/Entrant is permitted to switch between his Permissible financial assets and non-residential real estate if the ring-fencing principle is adhered to, i.e. the entire proceeds from the disposal or realisation at Market value of the assets are reinvested with the exceptions referred to in paragraph 7.2 above. 8.2 Switches between Permissible financial assets and/or non-residential real estate must comply with the following rules:

(i) <u>Non-residential real estate to non-residential real estate</u>

Not more than three calendar months may elapse between the date of the contract for sale of the non-residential real estate being sold and the date of completion of the purchase of the reinvestment in non-residential real estate.

(ii) <u>Permissible financial assets to Permissible financial assets</u>

Not more than 14 calendar days may elapse between the date of the contract for the sale of the asset being sold and the date of the contract for the purchase of the reinvestment asset.

(iii) Non-residential real estate to Permissible financial assets

The date of the contract for the purchase of the reinvestment asset must be not more than (i) two calendar months after the date of the contract for the sale of the non-residential real estate being sold, or (ii) 14 calendar days after the date of completion of the sale of the non-residential real estate being sold, whichever is the earlier.

(iv) <u>Permissible financial assets to Non-residential real estate</u>

Not more than two calendar months may elapse between the date of the contract for the sale of the asset being sold and the date of completion of the purchase of the reinvestment in non-residential real estate.

(v) <u>A Permissible financial asset has become non-permissible for whatever</u> reasons

There is no requirement for mandatory switching to another Permissible financial asset when a Permissible financial asset has become nonpermissible for whatever reasons (e.g. the Permissible financial asset cannot be liquidated due to total loss). In such situation, so long as the financial asset is still beneficially held by the Entrant, that financial asset is still deemed to be permissible, for the purpose of fulfilling the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements of his specific application.

That being said, if a Permissible financial asset is no longer deposited in the Entrant's designated account for whatever reason (e.g. the asset is seized by a third party for satisfying a debt), the Entrant is required to reinvest in another Permissible investment asset equivalent to the Market value of the outgoing Permissible financial asset (assessed on the date it is seized) in order to meet the committed investment and continue to be qualified under the Scheme.

In the provisions set out in paragraph 8.2 above:

"date of the contract" means the date on which the written agreement comes into legal effect;

"date of completion" means the date of payment on completion, or if payment is made by more than one instalment the date of payment of the last instalment;

the periods mentioned shall be calculated by excluding the first date referred to and including the last date referred to;

if the first and/or last day of any period would otherwise be a Sunday, a public holiday, a gale warning day or a black rainstorm warning day, the first and/or last day shall instead be the next following Working day and the period shall be extended accordingly.

- 8.3 During the period between completion of a sale and completion of a purchase mentioned in paragraph **8.2** above, the Applicant/Entrant must hold the sale proceeds in his sole name in (i) a deposit or current account held with a Hong Kong branch of a bank or financial institution licensed in Hong Kong; or (ii) in money market funds authorised by SFC. If the deposited sale proceeds as mentioned in (i) are dissipated for whatever reason(s), the Applicant/Entrant is required to make up the lost amount and reinvest the entire sale proceeds in the original amount (except the Surplus Equity) in Permissible investment assets.
- 8.4 The Applicant/Entrant is required to notify DGIP in writing within seven Working days respectively after the completion of realisation and acquisition transactions in

case of a switch from non-residential real estate to Permissible financial assets or vice versa, or a switch between non-residential real estate. All supporting documents showing the change of composition of Permissible investment assets should be provided.

8.5 An Applicant/Entrant must keep a contemporaneous record in writing of every change to his Permissible investment assets and may be required to provide this record to DGIP before he submits application for extension of stay or unconditional stay to DoI. The Applicant/Entrant shall also provide DGIP with all such information as may be required by DGIP from time to time to establish the eligibility and entitlement of the Applicant/Entrant under the Scheme.

9. <u>Entry, Stay and Extension</u>

- 9.1 Subject to the application procedures stipulated in paragraphs **4.1** to **4.13** above, an Applicant who is granted Approval-in-Principle from DoI will be issued with a visa/entry permit for entering and remaining in Hong Kong on visitor status for not more than 180 days. Afterwards, upon obtaining of Formal Approval, under normal circumstances, the Applicant/Entrant and his dependants, where any, will be granted permission to stay for not more than 24 months on time limitation only, subject to the condition that the Applicant/Entrant continues to satisfy the requirements of the Scheme throughout this period. Further extensions for not more than three years will normally be granted on the same conditions and on the same basis upon subsequent successful applications for extension of stay.
- 9.2 An Applicant/Entrant is required to make a declaration and an undertaking to DGIP and DoI respectively to abide by the Scheme Rules. The form of the declaration and the form of the undertaking are prescribed respectively by New CIES Office and DoI. Without detracting from the serious penalties which may be imposed in the event of a breach of any of the conditions of stay imposed under the Immigration Ordinance (Cap. 115 of the Laws of Hong Kong) or in respect of an untruthful declaration or statement made for the purposes of the Scheme, the Entrant, together with his dependants, will be required by DoI to leave Hong Kong within two months after DoI has determined that the Entrant has breached the undertaking.

- 9.3 An Entrant and his dependants may apply to become permanent residents of Hong Kong after a period of continuous ordinary residence in Hong Kong of not less than seven years and subject to any other relevant requirements under the Immigration Ordinance (Cap. 115 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Entrants of Chinese nationality who are permanent residents holding valid permanent identity cards may apply for Hong Kong Special Administrative Region passports.
- 9.4 Some Entrants may not be able to fulfill the continuous ordinary residence requirement even after the Entrant has furnished proof to the satisfaction of DGIP that the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements under the Scheme be fulfilled for seven years, e.g. they may have incurred periods of prolonged absence from Hong Kong which prevent continuous residence. In recognition of the contribution the Entrants have made to the local economy through investing in these Permissible investment assets in Hong Kong for at least seven years, they may apply for and, if approved, obtain unconditional stay (which permits entry and stay in Hong Kong without being subject to any conditions or limit of stay) at the end of the seventh year, whereupon they will also be free to dispose of the Permissible investment assets under the Scheme subject to the terms and conditions of the underlying investments.
- 9.5 It is an offence to make false statements or representations to an immigration officer, or for the purpose of obtaining a visa/ entry permit. A person who knowingly and willfully makes a statement or gives information which he knows to be false or does not believe to be true shall be guilty of an offence under the Laws of Hong Kong and any such visa/entry permit issued or permission to enter or remain in Hong Kong granted shall have no effect.
- 9.6 In general, unless a person has the right of abode or right to land in Hong Kong, he requires a visa/entry permit to work or reside in Hong Kong. While each application is determined on its individual merits, an Applicant/Entrant should meet normal immigration requirements (such as holding a valid travel document with adequate returnability to his country of residence or citizenship; be of clear criminal record and raise no security or criminal concerns to Hong Kong; have no likelihood of becoming a burden on Hong Kong, etc.) as well as the relevant specific eligibility criteria detailed above before he may be considered for the grant of a visa/entry permit and subsequent extension of stay. It should be noted that the eligibility

criteria may be subject to change from time to time without prior notice. The most up-to-date information is available at the website of ImmD.

- 9.7 Non-permanent residents of Hong Kong (including the Entrants admitted under the Scheme and their dependants), irrespective of their nationality and type of travel document held, do not require a re-entry visa/entry permit to enter Hong Kong provided that they return within the currency of their permitted limit of stay and that the circumstances upon which they have acquired their residential status remain unchanged.
- 9.8 DoI has absolute discretion to approve or disapprove an application for residence made under the Scheme. Any investment in Hong Kong is and remains the sole decision and responsibility of the Applicant/Entrant. DGIP, DoI and the Government shall not be liable to the Applicant/Entrant for any loss on any investment pursuant to the Scheme howsoever arising.

-END-

<u>Annex A</u>

Contract(s) between Applicant/Entrant and Financial Intermediary(ies) <u>in respect of the New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme</u>

The contract(s) between the Applicant/Entrant and the Financial Intermediary(ies) must contain the following specific provisions which (1) shall be of the essence of the contract(s) and prevail in the events of any conflict or inconsistency between these essential provisions and the other terms of the contract, and (2) shall bear the same meaning as in the New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme ("Scheme"):

- 1. The designated account of the Applicant/Entrant, opened with the Financial Intermediary and operated in accordance with the instruction of the Applicant/Entrant, shall only hold in his own name:
 - Permissible financial assets (as defined and referred to in the Scheme Rules published by the Director-General of Investment Promotion of InvestHK ("DGIP") and the Director of Immigration ("DoI") for the purpose of the Scheme);
 - (2) cash of HK\$3 million for placing into the CIES Investment Portfolio ("CIES IP");
 - (3) cash proceeds of sale or other realisation of Permissible financial assets;
 - (4) cash transferred to the designated account by the Applicant/Entrant for investment in Permissible financial assets; and
 - (5) cash representing cash dividends or interest accruing in the designated account.

- 2. All cash transferred to the designated account by the Applicant/Entrant and all cash proceeds of sale or other realisation of Permissible financial assets shall be invested or re-invested in Permissible financial assets and/or non-residential real estate in accordance with the Scheme Rules.
- 3. The Financial Intermediary shall notify DGIP in writing ^{Note 1} within seven working days of acquiring actual knowledge of any of the following:
 - (1) any instruction by the Applicant/Entrant to appoint it as a new Financial Intermediary;
 - (2) the Applicant/Entrant has withdrawn any assets from the designated account (other than cash dividends or interest accruing in the designated account) or received any new injection of assets into the account;
 - (3) any instruction from the Applicant/Entrant to withdraw any assets from the designated account (other than cash dividends or interest accruing in the designated account) or received any new injection of assets into the account;
 - (4) the Applicant/Entrant has not re-invested the proceeds of sale or other realisation of Permissible financial assets in further Permissible financial assets within the following period (or such other period as may be provided by the Scheme Rules then in force):
 - (a) no more than 14 calendar days may elapse between the date of the contract for the sale of the asset being sold and the date of the contract for the purchase of the reinvestment asset;
 - (b) in calculating the period mentioned in (a) above:

Note 1 The notification could be addressed to the New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme Office (Address: 15/F, Revenue Tower, 5 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, Email : newcies@investhk.gov.hk).

- (i) "date of the contract" means the date on which the written agreement comes into legal effect;
- (ii) the first date referred to shall be excluded and the last date referred to shall be included;
- (iii) if the first and/or last day of the period would otherwise be a Sunday, a public holiday, a gale warning day or a black rainstorm warning day, the first and/or last day shall instead be the next following working day and the period shall be extended accordingly;
- (5) any instruction from the Applicant/Entrant to transfer the designated account or any assets in the designated account (other than cash dividends or interest accruing in the designated account) to any other Financial Intermediary or other person;
- (6) (except for any lien to secure payment or the Financial Intermediary's proper fees and expenses,) the Applicant/Entrant has charged, assigned or created any interest in favour of a third party in any assets in the designated account (including cash dividends or interest accruing therefrom, if any, provided that these are still held in the designated account);
- the Applicant/Entrant has ceased to be the sole beneficial owner of all assets in the designated account (other than cash dividends or interest accruing in the designated account);
- (8) any instruction by the Applicant/Entrant to close the designated account; and
- (9) any instruction by the Applicant/Entrant for the existing Financial Intermediary to cease the appointment as his Financial Intermediary.
- 4. Within 14 working days after the first anniversary of the grant of Formal Approval to the Applicant/Entrant to join the Scheme, and within 14 working days after each

subsequent anniversary if the Financial Intermediary still operates the designated account at such anniversary, the Financial Intermediary shall:

- (1) notify DGIP in writing of the composition of the designated account at the relevant anniversary and the acquisition cost (exclusive of all dealing charges, commission and stamp duty) of the Permissible financial assets held in the designated account at that date; and
- (2) confirm in writing to DGIP that to the best of the Financial Intermediary's knowledge the Financial Intermediary has complied fully with the reporting obligations set out above in respect of the period since the appointment as the Applicant's/Entrant's Financial Intermediary until the relevant anniversary, or notify DGIP in writing of all matters which should have been reported in respect of that period.
- 5. The Financial Intermediary shall promptly answer all queries addressed to it by DGIP concerning the designated account and supply such documents (whether copies or originals) concerning the designated account as DGIP requests. The Applicant/Entrant irrevocably authorises the Financial Intermediary to answer all such questions and provide such documents.
- 6. The expression "working day" in the above provisions means a day other than a Sunday, a public holiday or a gale warning day or a black rainstorm warning day (both as defined in paragraph 71(2) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance (Cap. 1 of the Laws of Hong Kong)).
- 7. The Financial Intermediary shall apply to DGIP Note 2 within seven working days from the day it is made a copy of the contract between the Applicant/Entrant and the Financial Intermediary and within seven working days a copy of every amendment or variation to such contract (but subject to the provisions of paragraph **9** below).

- 8. These provisions set out at paragraphs 1 to 9 shall prevail over any other provisions in the contract between the Applicant/Entrant and the Financial Intermediary in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between them.
- 9. The above provisions shall not be altered without the written consent of DGIP.
- Note ² The document could be addressed to the New Capital Investment Entrant Scheme Office (Address: 15/F, Revenue Tower, 5 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, Email : newcies@investhk.gov.hk).

<u>Annex B</u>

Examples of operation of the Portfolio Maintenance Requirements concerning <u>non-residential real estate</u>

Example 1

2024	(1)	Purchase of non-residential real estate as Permissible investment assets for HK\$13 million, of which HK\$2 million is funded by a mortgage debt from a bank or financial institution in Hong Kong. Surplus Equity is therefore HK\$1 million (HK\$13 million (Purchase price) - HK\$10 million (Cap of non-residential real estate) - HK\$2 million (mortgage debt))
	(2)	The Surplus Equity of HK\$1 million is available to the Entrant and may be withdrawn from the Scheme in whole or in part, or used e.g. "spent" in whole or in part to provide security for an increase in the mortgage debt of HK\$2 million to a maximum of HK\$3 million. There will not be any Surplus Equity once and to the extent the Surplus Equity is withdrawn in whole.
	(3)	In this example, it will be a breach of the Scheme Rules if at any one time the sum of Surplus Equity and any outstanding mortgage debt exceeds HK\$3 million.
2026	(4)	On the facts at (1) above, the mortgage debt has by 2026 been repaid (a) in total or (b) as to 25%, by repayments in accordance with the terms of the mortgage prior to the sale or realisation of the real estate on which it is charged. The Surplus Equity is (in (a)): HK\$3 million (HK\$1 million + HK\$2 million (repaid mortgage debt) The Surplus Equity is (in (b)):
		<i>HK</i> \$1.5 million (<i>HK</i> \$1 million + <i>HK</i> \$0.5 million (repaid mortgage debt)

2028	(5)	On the facts at (1) above, and assuming the mortgage debt by then has been reduced from HK\$2 million to HK\$1 million by repayments under the mortgage debt, the real estate is then sold. The entire sale proceeds <u>less</u>
		 (a) The amount necessary to redeem or discharge the mortgage i.e. HK\$1 million; and (b) the whole or any part of the Surplus Equity of HK\$2 million (HK\$1 million + HK\$1 million (repaid mortgage debt) as the Applicant/Entrant so wishes);
		MUST (at least) be reinvested in Permissible investment assets. For the time periods for investment and notification obligations, please see paragraphs 8.2, 8.4 and 8.5.

Example 2

2024	(1)	purchase of non-residential real estate as Permissible investment assets for HK\$10 million, of which HK\$2 million is funded by a mortgage debt from a bank or financial institution in Hong Kong. The amount which is regarded as Permissible investment asset is HK\$8 million and there is no Surplus Equity.
	(2)	On the facts at (1) of Example 2, after repayment of all the mortgage debt of HK\$2 million, the Surplus Equity will rise to HK\$2 million. The real estate is then sold at HK\$13 million, the Entrant MUST reinvest not less than HK\$11 million (HK\$13 million (Sale Proceeds) - HK\$0 (outstanding mortgage debt) - HK\$2 million (Surplus Equity)) in Permissible investment assets. For the time periods for investment and notification obligations, please see paragraphs 8.2 , 8.4 and 8.5 .